# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# **SECTION 1) IDENTIFICATION**

Product ID:	Power Patch Pro Part A		
Product Name:	High strength repair epoxy		
Revision Date:	Jan 12, 2023	Date Printed:	Jan 12, 2023
Version:	1.0	Supersedes Date:	N.A.
Manufacturer's Name:	BLUESTONE PRODUCTS, a TCC Mate	erials Company	
Address:	2025 CENTRE POINTE BLVD, MENDO	TA HEIGHTS, MN, US, 55120	1
Emergency Phone:	800-424-9300		
Information Phone Numbe	r: 651-688-9116		
Fax:			

Product/Recommended Uses:

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## Classification

Serious Eye Damage - Category 1

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Skin Sensitizer - Category 1

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Safety data sheet prepared in accordance to the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

# **Pictograms**



Signal Word

Danger

# Hazardous Statements - Health

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

# Hazardous Statements - Environmental

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# **Precautionary Statements - General**

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

#### P391 - Collect spillage.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P321 Specific treatment (see First-Aid on this label).
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

No precautionary statement available.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulations.

#### Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

#### None.

#### **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Chemical Name	GHS Classifications	% By Weight
0025085-99-8	DIGLYCIDYL ETHER OF BISPHENOL A	N.A.	40.00% - 70.00%
0001317-65-3	CALCIUM CARBONATE	Carc. 1A, H350; STOT RE 2, H373	10.00% - 30.00%
0013463-67-7	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Eye Irr. 2A, H319; Skin Irr. 3, H316	0.00% - 5.00%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

## **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

## Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.

## **Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary.

#### **Skin Contact**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water/shower for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

#### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment is required. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote. Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgement of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

# SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Small Fire : Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire : Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

## **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use straight stream of water.

#### **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Runoff may pollute waterways Fire will produce irritating and corrosive gases.

#### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

# SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## **Emergency Procedure**

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay uphill and/or upstream. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not get on skin, eyes or clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb Liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal. Ventilate area after clean-up is complete.

# **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### General

Wash hands after use. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. All containers must be properly labelled. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored

#### Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

#### Storage Room Requirements

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from sources of ignition and incompatibilities. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous.

# Eye protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids.

### **Skin Protection**

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Use of chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber, Polyethylene, Chlorinated polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Viton, Neoprene, Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR").

Full contact Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M).

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm Break through time: 30 min

Material tested:Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M).

Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

## **Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

## **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)
CALCIUM CARBONATE								[15]; [5 (a)];
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	0.2 (R )(Nano), 2.5 (R )				A3	LRT irr; pneumoconiosi s		15

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
CALCIUM CARBONATE						1	10,5a	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE						1		b

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
CALCIUM CARBONATE			
TITANIUM DIOXIDE			1

A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, irr - Irritation, LRT - Lower respiratory tract

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Physical and Chemical Properties** 

Density	1.28 lb/gal	
Specific Gravity	0.15	
 % Solids By Weight	83.00%	
 Appearance	White paste	
Odor Description	N/A	
рН	N/A	
Water Solubility	N/A	
Flammability	N/A	
Flash Point	N/A	
Viscosity	N/A	
Lower Explosion Level	N/A	
Upper Explosion Level	N/A	
Vapor Density	N/A	
Freezing Point	N/A	
Melting Point	N/A	
Low Boiling Point	N/A	
Evaporation Rate	N/A	
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A	

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

# **Conditions To Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

# **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Will not occur.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Oxides of carbon.

**SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

# **Acute Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an oral exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for a dermal exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (vapour) exposure to this mixture is >20 mg/l

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Reproductive Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

May cause an allergic skin reaction

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye damage

## **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Causes skin irritation

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

#### **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

0013463-67-7 TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. In a lifetime inhalation test, lung cancers were found in some rats exposed to 250 mg/m3 respirable titanium dust. Analysis of the titanium dioxide concentrations in the rat's lungs showed that the lung clearance mechanism was overwhelmed and that the results at the massive 250 mg/m3 level are not relevant to the workplace. 'Results of a DuPont epidemiology study showed that employees who had been exposed to Titanium Dioxide were at no greater risk of developing lung cancer than were employees who had not been exposed to Titanium dioxide. No pulmonary fibrosis was found in any of the employees and no association was observed between Titanium dioxide exposure and chronic respiratory disease or x-ray abnormalities. Based on the results of this study DuPont concludes that titanium dioxide will not cause lung cancer or chronic respiratory disease in humans at concentrations experienced in the workplace.'

# 0001317-65-3 CALCIUM CARBONATE

LD50 (oral, rat): 6450 mg/kg (10; unconfirmed)

## **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

# **Bioaccumulative Potential**

No data available.

#### Mobility in Soil

No data available.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste Disposal

It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN Number:	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
Proper shipping name:	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class:	9	9	9
Packaging:	III	III	III
Hazardous substance (RQ):	No Data Available		
Marine Pollutant:	No Data Available	No Data Available	
Note / Special Provision:	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	No Data Available		

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations

The product has been evaluated against the following relevant regulations: U.S.A Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) California Proposition 65 Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312 Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0025085-99-8	DIGLYCIDYL ETHER OF BISPHENOL A	40.00% - 70.00%	SARA312, TSCA
0001317-65-3	CALCIUM CARBONATE	10.00% - 30.00%	SARA312, TSCA
0013463-67-7	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	0.00% - 5.00%	SARA312, TSCA, CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65, CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including TITANIUM DIOXIDE, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

## Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service ; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

## Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Jan 12, 2023

First Edition.

# Full text of H-Statements referred to under Section 3

H350 May cause cancer

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

# DISCLAIMER

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# **SECTION 1) IDENTIFICATION**

Product ID:	Power Patch Pro Part B		
Product Name:	High strength repair epoxy		
Revision Date:	Jan 12, 2023	Date Printed:	Jan 12, 2023
Version:	1.0	Supersedes Date:	N.A.
Manufacturer's Name:	BLUESTONE PRODUCTS, a TCC Mate	erials Company	
Address:	2025 CENTRE POINTE BLVD, MENDO	TA HEIGHTS, MN, US, 55120	1
Emergency Phone:	800-424-9300		
Information Phone Numbe	r: 651-688-9116		
Fax:			

Product/Recommended Uses:

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## **Classification**

Serious Eye Damage - Category 1

Skin Sensitizer - Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Safety data sheet prepared in accordance to the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

#### **Pictograms**



Danger

## Hazardous Statements - Health

- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

## Hazardous Statements - Environmental

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## **Precautionary Statements - General**

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

P391 - Collect spillage.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 - Specific treatment (see First-Aid on this label).

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

No precautionary statement available.

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulations.

## Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

None.

# **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Chemical Name	GHS Classifications	% By Weight
0001317-65-3	CALCIUM CARBONATE	Carc. 1A, H350; STOT RE 2, H373	10.00% - 40.00%
0015520-10-2	1,5-PENTANEDIAMINE, 2-METHYL-	Acute Tox. Inh. 2, H330; Acute Tox. Oral 4, H302; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Flam. Liq. 4, H227; Skin Corr. 1B, H314	5.00% - 20.00%
0000090-72-2	2,4,6-TRI (DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL) PHENOL	Acute Tox. Derm. 4, H312; Acute Tox. Oral 4, H302; Aquatic Acute 3, H402; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Skin Sens. 1B, H317	0.00% - 5.00%
0001317-61-9	BLACK IRON OXIDE	N.A.	0.00% - 5.00%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.

#### **Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary.

#### **Skin Contact**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water/shower for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

# Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific

treatment is required. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote. Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgement of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

# SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire : Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire : Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use straight stream of water.

#### **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Runoff may pollute waterways Fire will produce irritating and corrosive gases.

#### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

## **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

# SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Emergency Procedure**

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay uphill and/or upstream. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not get on skin, eyes or clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb Liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal. Ventilate area after clean-up is complete.

# SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### General

Wash hands after use. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. All containers must be properly labelled. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored

#### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

#### **Storage Room Requirements**

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from sources of ignition and incompatibilities. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous.

# **Eye protection**

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles.

Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids.

# **Skin Protection**

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Use of chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber, Polyethylene, Chlorinated polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Viton, Neoprene, Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR").

Full contact Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M).

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm Break through time: 30 min

Material tested:Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M).

Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.

It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers.

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity.

Always seek advice from glove suppliers.

Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber.

Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

# **Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

## **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH	ACGIH	ACGIH	OSHA TWA
Name	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	Carcinogen	TLV Basis	Notations	(mg/m3)
CALCIUM CARBONATE								[15]; [5 (a)];

Chemical	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	OSHA STEL	OSHA	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables	NIOSH TWA	NIOSH TWA
Name	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	Carcinogen		(Z1, Z2, Z3)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)
CALCIUM CARBONATE						1	10,5a	

Chemical	NIOSH STEL	NIOSH STEL	NIOSH
Name	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	Carcinogen
CALCIUM CARBONATE			

# SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical and Chemical Properties** 

Density	N/A lb/gal	
Specific Gravity	N/A	
% Solids By Weight	N/A	
Appearance	Gray paste	
Odor Description	N/A	
рН	N/A	
Water Solubility	N/A	
Flammability	N/A	
Flash Point	N/A	
Viscosity	N/A	
Lower Explosion Level	N/A	
Upper Explosion Level	N/A	
Vapor Density	N/A	
Freezing Point	N/A	
Melting Point	N/A	
Low Boiling Point	N/A	
Evaporation Rate	N/A	
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A	

# SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

# **Conditions To Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

# **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Will not occur.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Oxides of carbon.

**SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

# **Acute Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an oral exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for a dermal exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (vapour) exposure to this mixture is >20 mg/l

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Reproductive Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

May cause an allergic skin reaction

## **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Causes serious eye damage

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

## 0001317-65-3 CALCIUM CARBONATE

LD50 (oral, rat): 6450 mg/kg (10; unconfirmed)

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Persistence and Degradability

# No data available.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

No data available.

# **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

## **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

#### **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste Disposal

It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN Number:	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
Proper shipping name:	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class:	9	9	9
Packaging:	III	III	III

Power Patch Pro Part B

Hazardous substance (RQ):	No Data Available		
Marine Pollutant:	No Data Available	No Data Available	
Note / Special Provision:	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	No Data Available		

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations

The product has been evaluated against the following relevant regulations: U.S.A Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) California Proposition 65 Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312 Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0001317-65-3	CALCIUM CARBONATE	10.00% - 40.00%	SARA312, TSCA
0015520-10-2	1,5-PENTANEDIAMINE, 2- METHYL-	5.00% - 20.00%	SARA312, TSCA
0000090-72-2	2,4,6-TRI (DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL) PHENOL	0.00% - 5.00%	SARA312, TSCA
0001317-61-9	BLACK IRON OXIDE	0.00% - 5.00%	SARA312, TSCA

Product does not contain any chemicals listed under California Proposition 65

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

## Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service ; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

## Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Jan 12, 2023

First Edition.

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under Section 3

- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H227 Combustible Liquid
- H330 Fatal if inhaled
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin
- H402 Harmful to aquatic life
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H350 May cause cancer

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